A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GUN VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State has some
- 2 of the strongest gun safety laws in the nation and in 2016
- 3 received an A-minus rating from the Law Center to Prevent Gun
- 4 Violence. According to the Centers for Disease Control and
- 5 Prevention, Hawaii had the second-lowest number of gun deaths
- 6 per capita among the states in 2015.
- 7 However, the legislature also finds that an area in which
- 8 the State can improve its gun safety laws is qun violence
- 9 protective orders. Nationwide, active shooters have inflicted
- 10 great harm by killing and injuring innocent persons, sometimes
- 11 in tragic mass shootings such as the 2016 Orlando nightclub
- 12 shooting and the 2017 Las Vegas and Sutherland Springs church
- 13 shootings. In such cases, law enforcement or a member of the
- 14 shooter's family or household may have observed warning signs
- 15 before the shooting, but depending on the jurisdiction, they may
- 16 not have had the ability to petition a court to confiscate the
- 17 shooter's firearms and ammunition.

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law is needed.

- The legislature also finds that California, Oregon, 1 Washington, and numerous other states have already implemented 2 3 gun violence protection laws, allowing for a family or household 4 member to file a petition for the temporary removal of quns from 5 an individual who shows clear and convincing signs of planning 6 to use these guns to commit violent acts. 7 The legislature further finds that section 134-7(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, already authorizes police to take custody of a 8 9 person's firearms and ammunition upon issuance of a restraining 10 order or order of protection by any court if the court finds the person may use a firearm to threaten, injure, or abuse any 11 person. However, the statute does not address preventative 12 actions that may be taken by law enforcement or a family or 13 14 household member of an individual who shows clear and convincing 15 signs of planning to use these guns to commit violent acts. 16 Accordingly, the legislature believes that a more comprehensive
- The purpose of this Act is to reduce gun deaths and injuries in the State by establishing a detailed process that allows a law enforcement officer or family or household member to obtain a court order to prevent a person from accessing

- 1 firearms and ammunition if the person poses a danger of causing
- 2 bodily injury to the person or another.
- 3 SECTION 2. Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 "PART . GUN VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS
- 7 §134-A Definitions. For the purposes of this part:
- 8 "Bodily injury" has the same meaning as in section 707-700.
- 9 "Business day" has the same meaning as in section 709-906.
- 10 "Ex parte gun violence protective order" means an order
- 11 issued by the family court, pursuant to section 134-D,
- 12 prohibiting the respondent from owning, purchasing, possessing,
- 13 receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or control any
- 14 firearm or ammunition until the court-scheduled hearing for a
- 15 one-year qun violence protective order.
- 16 "Family or household member" means any spouse or reciprocal
- 17 beneficiary, former spouse or former reciprocal beneficiary,
- 18 person with whom the respondent has a child in common, parent,
- 19 child, person related by consanguinity, person related by
- 20 adoption, person jointly residing or who formerly jointly
- 21 resided with a respondent in the same dwelling unit as a

- 1 respondent, person who has or has had a dating relationship, or
- 2 person who is or has acted as the respondent's legal guardian.
- 3 "Family or household member" includes a person who is an adult
- 4 roommate or a co-habitant of a respondent.
- 5 "One-year gun violence protective order" means an order
- 6 issued by the family court, pursuant to section 134-E,
- 7 prohibiting the respondent from owning, purchasing, possessing,
- 8 receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or control any
- 9 firearm or ammunition for a period of one year.
- 10 "Petitioner" means a law enforcement officer or a family or
- 11 household member of the respondent who files a petition pursuant
- 12 to section 134-D or section 134-E.
- "Respondent" means the person identified in the petition
- 14 filed pursuant to section 134-D or section 134-E.
- 15 §134-B Court jurisdiction. A petition for relief under
- 16 this part may be filed in any family court in the circuit in
- 17 which the petitioner resides. A petition under this part shall
- 18 be given docket priority by the court.
- 19 §134-C Commencement of action; forms. (a) In order to
- 20 seek a qun violence protective order or make an ex parte motion
- 21 for a qun violence protective order, the petitioner shall file a

- 1 written petition for relief on forms provided by the court. The
- 2 court shall designate an employee or appropriate non-judicial
- 3 agency to assist the petitioner in completing the petition.
- 4 (b) The petition shall allege, under penalty of perjury,
- 5 the grounds for issuance of the order and shall be accompanied
- 6 by an affidavit made under oath or a statement made under
- 7 penalty of perjury containing detailed allegations based on
- 8 personal knowledge that the respondent poses a danger of causing
- 9 bodily injury to the respondent's self or another person by
- 10 owning, purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
- 11 respondent's custody or control any firearm or ammunition, and
- 12 specific facts and circumstances in support thereof, as well as
- 13 the number, types, and locations of any firearms or ammunition
- 14 presently believed by the petitioner to be possessed or
- 15 controlled by the respondent. The petition shall also state, if
- 16 known to the petitioner, whether there is an existing
- 17 restraining order or protective order in effect governing the
- 18 respondent and whether there is any pending lawsuit, complaint,
- 19 petition, or other action between the parties under the laws of
- 20 this State. The judiciary shall verify the terms of any
- 21 existing order governing the parties. The court shall not delay

- 1 granting relief because of the existence of a pending action
- 2 between the parties or the necessity of verifying the terms of
- 3 an existing order. A petition for a gun violence protective
- 4 order or an ex parte motion for a gun violence protective order
- 5 may be granted regardless of whether there is a pending action
- 6 between the parties.
- 7 (c) All health records and other health information
- 8 provided in a petition or considered as evidence in a proceeding
- 9 under this part shall be sealed by the court, except that the
- 10 identities of the petitioner and respondent may be provided to
- 11 law enforcement agencies as set forth in section 134-I.
- 12 Aggregate statistical data about the numbers of qun violence
- 13 protective orders issued, renewed, denied, dissolved, or
- 14 terminated shall be made available to the public upon request.
- (d) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall set a
- 16 date for hearing on the petition within fourteen days,
- 17 regardless of whether the court issues an ex parte gun violence
- 18 protective order pursuant to section 134-D. If the court issues
- 19 an ex parte gun violence protective order pursuant to section
- 20 134-D, notice of the hearing shall be served on the respondent
- 21 with the ex parte order. Notice of the hearing shall be

- 1 personally served on the respondent by an officer of the
- 2 appropriate county police department.
- 3 §134-D Ex parte gun violence protective order. (a) A
- 4 petitioner may request that an ex parte gun violence protective
- 5 order be issued before a hearing for a one-year gun violence
- 6 protective order, without notice to the respondent.
- 7 (b) The court shall issue or deny an exparte gun violence
- 8 protective order on the same day that the petition is submitted
- 9 to the court, unless the petition is filed too late in the day
- 10 to permit effective adjudication, in which case the order shall
- 11 be issued or denied on the next business day.
- 12 (c) Before issuing an ex parte gun violence protective
- 13 order, the court shall examine under oath the petitioner and any
- 14 witnesses the petitioner may produce. The court may also:
- 15 (1) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted of
- 16 all available records to determine whether the
- 17 respondent owns any firearms or ammunition; and
- 18 (2) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for
- criminal history and mental health records related to
- the respondent that are readily available to the
- 21 court.

1	(d)	In determining whether sufficient grounds for an ex
2	parte gun	violence protective order exist, the court shall
3	consider	all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner, and
4	may also	consider other relevant evidence, including evidence of
5	facts rel	ating to the respondent's:
6	(1)	Unlawful, reckless, or negligent use, display,
7		storage, possession, or brandishing of a firearm;
8	(2)	Act or threat of violence against the respondent's
9		self or another person, regardless of whether the
10		violence involves a firearm;
11	(3)	Violation of a protective order or restraining order
12		issued pursuant to chapter 586 or section 604-10.5, or
13		a similar law in another state;
14	(4)	Abuse of controlled substances or alcohol or
15		commission of any criminal offense that involves
16		controlled substances or alcohol; and
17	(5)	Recent acquisition of firearms, ammunition, or other
18		deadly weapons.
19	(e)	The court shall also consider the time that has
20	elapsed s	ince the events described in subsection (d).

1	(f)	If the court finds probable cause to believe that the
2	responden	t poses an imminent danger of causing bodily injury to
3	the respo	ndent's self or another person by owning, purchasing,
4	possessin	g, receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or
5	control a	ny firearm or ammunition, the court shall issue an ex
6	parte gun	violence protective order.
7	(g)	An ex parte gun violence protective order issued
8	pursuant	to this section shall include:
9	(1)	A statement that the respondent shall not own,
10		purchase, possess, receive, transfer ownership of, or
11		have in the respondent's custody or control, or
12		attempt to purchase, receive, or transfer ownership of
13		any firearm or ammunition while the order is in
14		effect;
15	(2)	A description of the requirements for relinquishment
16		of firearms and ammunition under section 134-G;
17	(3)	A statement of the grounds asserted for the order;
18	(4)	A notice of the hearing under section 134-C(e) to
19		determine whether to issue a one-year gun violence
20		protective order, including the address of the court

and the date and time when the hearing is scheduled;

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1	(5)	A statement that at the hearing, the court may extend
2		the order for one year; and

- (6) A statement that the respondent may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with the order, and that the attorney should be consulted promptly so that the attorney may assist the respondent in any matter connected with the order.
- (h) An ex parte gun violence protective order issued pursuant to this section shall be personally served on the respondent by an officer of the appropriate county police department.
- 12 In accordance with section 134-C(e), the court shall 13 schedule a hearing within fourteen days of the receipt of the 14 petition for an an ex parte gun violence protective order to 15 determine if a one-year qun violence protective order shall be 16 issued. A respondent may seek an extension of time before the 17 hearing. The court shall dissolve any ex parte gun violence 18 protective order in effect against the respondent if the court 19 subsequently holds the hearing and issues or denies a one-year **20** gun violence protective order.

1	§134-E One-year gun violence protective order issued after
2	notice and hearing. (a) A petitioner requesting a one-year gu
3	violence protective order shall include in the petition detailed
4	allegations based on personal knowledge that the respondent
5	poses a significant danger of causing a self-inflicted bodily
6	injury or an injury to another person by owning, purchasing,
7	possessing, receiving, or having in the respondent's custody or
8	control any firearm or ammunition.
9	(b) Before a hearing for a one-year gun violence
10	protective order, the court shall:
11	(1) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted of
12	all available records to determine whether the
13	respondent owns any firearms or ammunition; and
14	(2) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for
15	criminal history and mental health records related to
16	the respondent that are readily available to the
17	court.
18	(c) In determining whether to issue a one-year gun
19	violence protective order under this section, the court shall
20	consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and

the respondent, and may also consider other relevant evidence,

1	including but not limited to evidence of the facts identified in
2	section 134-D(d).
3	(d) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence
4	at the hearing that the respondent poses a significant danger of
5	causing bodily injury to the respondent's self or another person
6	by owning, purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
7	respondent's custody or control any firearm or ammunition,
8	the court shall issue a one-year gun violence protective order.
9	(e) A one-year gun violence protective order issued
10	pursuant to this section shall include all of the following:
11	(1) A statement that the respondent shall not own,
12	purchase, possess, receive, transfer ownership of, or
13	have in the respondent's custody or control, or
14	attempt to purchase, receive, or transfer ownership
15	of, any firearm or ammunition while the order is in
16	effect;
17	(2) A description of the requirements for relinquishment
18	of firearms and ammunition under section 134-G;
19	(3) A statement of the grounds supporting the issuance of
20	the order;

(4) The date and time the order expires;



1	(5)	The address of the court that issued the order;
2	(6)	A statement that the respondent may request a hearing
3		to terminate the order at any time during its
4	,	effective period;
5	(7)	A statement that the respondent may seek the advice of
6		an attorney as to any matter connected to the order;
7	(8)	A statement of whether the respondent was present in
8		court to be advised of the contents of the order or
9	•	whether the respondent failed to appear; and
10	(9)	A statement that if the respondent was present in
11		court, the respondent's presence shall constitute
12		proof of service of notice of the terms of the order.
13	(f)	If the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, a
14	one-year	gun violence protective order issued pursuant to this
15	section s	hall be personally served on the respondent by an
16	officer o	f the appropriate county police department.
17	§134	-F Termination and renewal. (a) The respondent named
18	in a one-	year gun violence protective order issued under section
19	134-E may	submit a written request at any time during the

effective period of the order for a hearing to terminate the

order. Upon receipt of the written request for termination:

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Ţ	(1)	The court shall set a date for a hearing. Notice of
2		the request shall be personally served on the
3		petitioner by any person authorized by section 634-21
4		The hearing shall occur no sooner than fourteen days
5		from the date of service of the request upon the
6		petitioner; and
7	(2)	The respondent seeking termination of the order shall
8	,	have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the
9		evidence that the respondent does not pose a
10		significant danger of causing bodily injury to the
11		respondent's self or another person by owning,
12		purchasing, possessing, receiving, or having in the
13		respondent's custody or control any firearm or
14		ammunition.
15	If the co	art finds after the hearing that the respondent has met
16	the respon	ndent's burden, the court shall terminate the order.
17	(b)	A petitioner may submit a written request for a
18	renewal o	f a one-year gun violence protective order within three
19	months pr	ior to the expiration of the order. Upon receipt of
20	the writte	en request for renewal, the court:

1	(1)	In determining whether to renew a one-year gun
2		violence protective order, after notice to the
3		respondent, shall have all relevant evidence presented
4		by the petitioner and the respondent and may also
5		consider other relevant evidence, including evidence
6		of the facts identified in section 134-D(d); and
7	(2)	May renew a one-year gun violence protective order if
8		the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence
9		that the respondent continues to pose a significant
10		danger of causing bodily injury to the respondent's
11		self or another person by owning, purchasing,
12		possessing, receiving, or having in the respondent's
13		custody or control any firearm or ammunition.
14	A one-yea	r gun violence protective order renewed pursuant to
15	this sect	ion shall expire after one year, subject to termination
16	by furthe	r order of the court at a hearing held pursuant to
17	subsection	n (a) and further renewal by order of the court
18	pursuant	to this subsection.
19	§134	-G Relinquishment of firearms and ammunition. (a)
20	Upon issu	ance of an ex parte or one-year gun violence protective
21	order or	a domestic abuse protective order, the court shall

- 1 order the respondent to voluntarily surrender or dispose of all
- 2 firearms and ammunition that the respondent owns or possesses,
- 3 or has in the respondent's custody or control, in accordance
- 4 with section 134-7.3(b).
- 5 (b) At the time of serving notice of a petition, an ex
- 6 parte or gun violence protective order, or a domestic abuse
- 7 protective order, a police officer shall take custody of any and
- 8 all firearms and ammunition in accordance with the procedure
- 9 described in section 134-7(f). Alternatively, if personal
- 10 service by a police officer is not possible, the respondent
- 11 shall surrender the firearms and ammunition in a safe manner to
- 12 the control of the chief of police where the respondent resides
- 13 within forty-eight hours of being served with the order.
- 14 (c) At the time of surrender or removal, a police officer
- 15 taking possession of a firearm or ammunition pursuant to a gun
- 16 violence or domestic abuse protective order shall issue a
- 17 receipt identifying all firearms and ammunition that have been
- 18 surrendered or removed and provide a copy of the receipt to the
- 19 respondent. Within seventy-two hours after being served with
- 20 the order, the officer serving the order shall file the original
- 21 receipt with the court that issued the gun violence protective

- 1 order, and shall ensure that the appropriate county police
- 2 department retains a copy of the receipt.
- 3 (d) A court that has probable cause to believe a
- 4 respondent to a protective order owns, possesses, or has in the
- 5 respondent's custody or control any firearms or ammunition that
- 6 the respondent has failed to surrender pursuant to this section,
- 7 or has received or purchased a firearm or ammunition while
- 8 subject to the order, shall issue a warrant describing the
- 9 firearm or ammunition and authorizing a search of any location
- 10 where the firearm or ammunition is reasonably believed to be and
- 11 the seizure of any firearm or ammunition discovered pursuant to
- 12 the search.
- 13 (e) The appropriate county police department may charge
- 14 the respondent a fee not to exceed the reasonable and actual
- 15 costs incurred by the department for storing a firearm or
- 16 ammunition surrendered pursuant to this section for the duration
- 17 of the gun violence or domestic abuse protective order and any
- 18 additional periods necessary under section 134-H.
- 19 §134-H Return and disposal of firearms or ammunition. (a)
- 20 Thirty days before a one-year gun violence protective order is
- 21 set to expire, a county police department holding any firearm or

- 1 ammunition that has been surrendered pursuant to the order shall
- 2 notify the petitioner that the order is set to expire. The
- 3 notice shall advise the petitioner of the procedures for seeking
- 4 a renewal of the order pursuant to section 134-F.
- 5 (b) If a gun violence protective order is terminated or
- 6 expires and is not renewed, a county police department holding
- 7 any firearm or ammunition that has been surrendered pursuant to
- 8 section 134-G shall notify the respondent that the respondent
- 9 may request the return of the firearm or ammunition. A county
- 10 police department shall return any surrendered firearm or
- 11 ammunition requested by a respondent only after confirming,
- 12 through a criminal history background check, that the respondent
- 13 is currently eligible to own or possess firearms and ammunition.
- 14 (c) A respondent who has surrendered any firearm or
- 15 ammunition to a county police department pursuant to section
- 16 134-G and who does not wish to have the firearm or ammunition
- 17 returned, or who is no longer eligible to own or possess
- 18 firearms or ammunition, may sell or transfer title of the
- 19 firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed under
- 20 section 134-31. The department shall transfer possession of the
- 21 firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed under

- 1 section 134-31 only after the dealer has provided written proof
- 2 of transfer of the firearm or ammunition from the respondent to
- 3 the dealer and the department has verified the transfer with the
- 4 respondent.
- 5 (d) If a person other than the respondent claims title to
- 6 any firearm or ammunition surrendered pursuant to section 134-G,
- 7 and that person is determined by the appropriate county police
- 8 department to be the lawful owner of the firearm or ammunition,
- 9 the firearm or ammunition shall be returned to the lawful owner.
- 10 (e) A county police department holding any firearm or
- 11 ammunition that was surrendered by a respondent pursuant to
- 12 section 134-G may dispose of the firearm or ammunition only
- 13 after six months from the date of proper notice to the
- 14 respondent of the department's intent to dispose of the firearm
- 15 or ammunition, unless the firearm or ammunition has been claimed
- 16 by the lawful owner. If the firearm or ammunition remain
- 17 unclaimed after six months from the date of notice, then no
- 18 party shall thereafter have the right to assert ownership
- 19 thereof and the department may dispose of the firearm or
- 20 ammunition.

- 1 (f) For the purposes of this section, "dispose" means
- 2 selling the firearm or ammunition to a firearms dealer licensed
- 3 under section 134-31, or destroying the firearm or ammunition.
- 4 §134-I Reporting of order to Hawaii criminal justice data
- 5 center. (a) The court shall notify the Hawaii criminal justice
- 6 data center no later than one business day after issuing,
- 7 renewing, dissolving, or terminating an ex parte or one-year gun
- 8 violence protective order under this part.
- 9 (b) The information required to be submitted to the Hawaii
- 10 criminal justice data center pursuant to this section shall
- 11 include identifying information about the petitioner and
- 12 respondent and the date the order was issued, renewed,
- 13 dissolved, or terminated. In the case of a one-year order, the
- 14 court shall include the date the order is set to expire.
- 15 (c) Within one business day of service, a police officer
- 16 who serves a gun violence protective order shall submit the
- 17 proof of service to the Hawaii criminal justice data center.
- 18 (d) The Hawaii criminal justice data center shall maintain
- 19 a searchable database of the information it receives under this
- 20 section and make the information available to law enforcement
- 21 agencies upon request.

- 1 (e) The Hawaii criminal justice data center shall
- 2 immediately make information about an exparte or one-year qun
- 3 violence protective order issued, renewed, dissolved, or
- 4 terminated pursuant to this part available to the National
- 5 Instant Criminal Background Check System for the purposes of
- 6 firearm purchaser background checks.
- 7 §134-J Penalties. A person who files a petition for a qun
- 8 violence protective order under this part, knowing the
- 9 information in the petition to be materially false or with an
- 10 intent to harass the respondent, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 11 §134-K Law enforcement to retain other authority. The
- 12 provisions of this part shall not affect the ability of a law
- 13 enforcement officer to remove firearms or ammunition from any
- 14 person pursuant to other lawful authority.
- 15 §134-L Lack of liability for failure to seek order. This
- 16 part shall not be construed to impose criminal or civil
- 17 liability on any person who chooses not to seek a gun violence
- 18 protective order pursuant to this part."
- 19 SECTION 3. Section 134-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

1 "(f) No person who has been restrained pursuant to an 2 order of any court, including [an ex-parte order as provided in 3 this subsection, a gun violence protective order issued 4 pursuant to part , from contacting, threatening, or 5 physically abusing any person, shall possess, control, or 6 transfer ownership of any firearm or ammunition therefor, so 7 long as the protective order, restraining order, or any 8 extension is in effect, unless the order, for good cause shown, 9 specifically permits the possession of a firearm and ammunition. 10 The protective order or restraining order [or order of 11 protection] shall specifically include a statement that 12 possession, control, or transfer of ownership of a firearm or 13 ammunition by the person named in the order is prohibited. 14 [Such] The person shall relinquish possession and control of any 15 firearm and ammunition owned by that person to the police 16 department of the appropriate county for safekeeping for the 17 duration of the order or extension thereof. [In the case of an 18 ex parte order, the affidavit or statement under oath that forms 19 the basis for the order shall contain a statement of the facts 20 that support a finding that the person to be restrained owns, 21 intends to obtain or to transfer ownership of, or possesses a

1 firearm, and that the firearm may be used to threaten, injure, 2 or abuse any person. The ex parte order shall be effective upon 3 service pursuant to section 586-6.] At the time of service of a protective order or restraining order involving firearms and 4 5 ammunition issued by any court, [the] a police officer may take. 6 custody of any and all firearms and ammunition in plain sight, 7 those discovered pursuant to a consensual search, and those 8 firearms surrendered by the person restrained. If the person 9 restrained is the registered owner of a firearm and knows the 10 location of the firearm, but refuses to surrender the firearm or 11 refuses to disclose the location of the firearm, the person 12 restrained shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. In any case, when 13 a police officer is unable to locate the firearms and ammunition 14 either registered under this chapter or known to the person 15 granted protection by the court, the police officer shall apply 16 to the court for a search warrant pursuant to chapter 803 for 17 the limited purpose of seizing the firearm and ammunition. 18 For the purposes of this subsection, good cause shall not 19 be based solely upon the consideration that the person subject 20 to restraint pursuant to an order of any court[, including an ex 21 parte order as provided for in this subsection,] is required to

- 1 possess or carry firearms or ammunition during the course of the
- 2 person's employment. Good cause consideration may include but
- 3 not be limited to the protection and safety of the person to
- 4 whom a restraining order is granted."
- 5 SECTION 4. Section 134-7.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended as follows:
- 7 1. By amending subsection (b) to read:
- 8 "(b) Any person disqualified from ownership, possession,
- 9 or control of firearms and ammunition under section $134-7[_{7}]$ or
- 10 part , within [seven days] forty-eight hours of
- 11 disqualification, shall voluntarily surrender all firearms and
- 12 ammunition to the chief of police where the person resides or
- 13 dispose of all firearms and ammunition. If any person fails to
- 14 voluntarily surrender or dispose of all firearms and ammunition
- 15 within [seven days] forty-eight hours from the date of
- 16 disqualification, the chief of police may seize all firearms and
- 17 ammunition."
- 18 2. By amending subsection (d) to read:
- "(d) For the purposes of this section, "dispose" means
- 20 selling the firearms to a gun dealer licensed under section 134-
- 21 31, transferring ownership of the firearms to any person who

- 1 meets the requirements of section 134-2, or surrendering all
- 2 firearms to the chief of police where the person resides for
- 3 storage or disposal; provided $[\tau]$ that, for a person subject to
- 4 section 134-7(f)[7] or part _____, "dispose" shall not include
- 5 transferring ownership of the firearms to any person who meets
- 6 the requirements of section 134-2."
- 7 SECTION 5. The judiciary shall adopt any rules of court
- 8 necessary to implement this Act.
- 9 SECTION 6. The department of the attorney general shall
- 10 adopt any rules, pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised
- 11 Statutes, necessary to implement this Act.
- 12 SECTION 7. The chiefs of police of the respective counties
- 13 shall adopt any procedures necessary to implement this Act.
- 14 SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 15 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 16 begun before its effective date.
- 17 SECTION 9. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 18 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 19 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 20 the new sections in this Act.

- 1 SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Firearms; Gun Violence; Protective Orders

Description:

Establishes a process by which a law enforcement officer or family or household member may obtain a court order to prevent a person from accessing firearms and ammunition when the person poses a danger of causing bodily injury to oneself or another. Takes effect 7/1/2050. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.